# **Natural Sponges**

Wetland solutions to protect against droughts and floods



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## **Lost Sponge Capacity & Natural Water Retention**



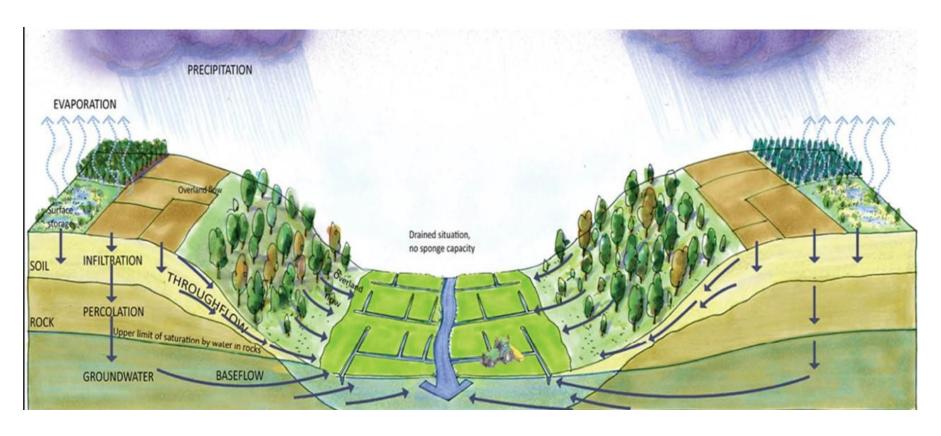
- 35% of Europe's wetlands lost since 1970
- 70-90% of Europe's floodplain area ecologically degraded
- Wetlands, including mires, bogs and fens among most threatened ecosystems in Europe

# **Germany – Belgium Floods July 2021**

- Deadliest flood in decades 10<sup>th</sup> deadliest in the past 100 years
- +220 people died in Germany and Belgium
- Most expensive natural disaster in Germany estimated at €35 billion
- Worst devastation upper catchments
- Main Rhine river "hardly affected"



## **Upper Rhine River Catchment Land Use**

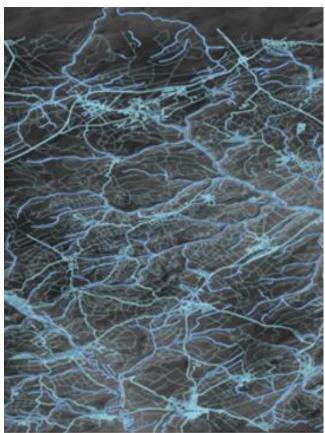


Large-scale drainage on sloping hills and valleys for agriculture and forestry

### Landscape Factors July 2021 Floods Rhine River Upper Catchments

58% of the upstream land area contributed 89% of the peak discharge downstream







Drainage contributed disproportionately to peak floodwaters downstream

Paved surfaces were the main rivers channelling floodwaters downstream

Bare soils were a major contributor to floodwaters

## **Natural Sponge Potential**

**Upper Catchment Headwaters & Small Tributaries "Just Right"** 

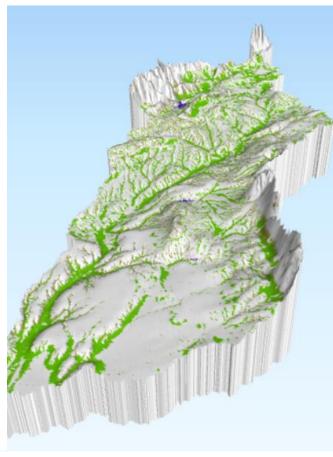
**Middle Mountains** 200 - 1200m elevation

**Precipitation: High** 

**Slope: < 10%** 







### **Micro Catchments, Macro Effects**

When restoring 6% of upstream areas

- Peak flow reduction: up to 35% at local scale (2% international)
- **Dry periods:** 10 30% higher baseflow
- Water quality: Retention of nutrients
- Carbon Farming: CO2 storage
- **Biodiversity**: improves status species and habitats

#### Micro Catchments, Macro Effects

Natural retention in the Rhine catchment as a nature-based solution for flood risks, drought control, biodiversity restoration and climate challenges.



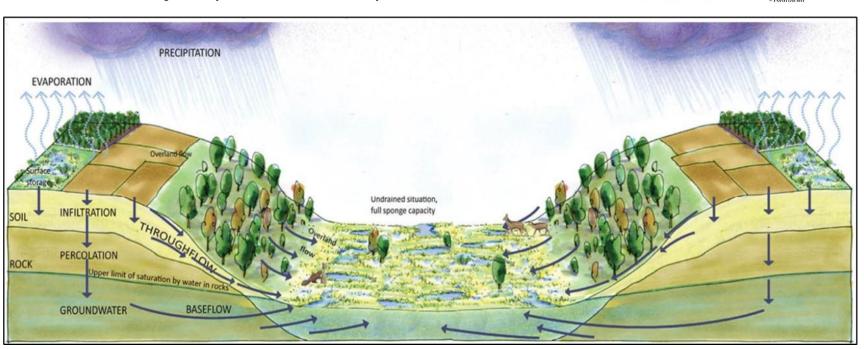








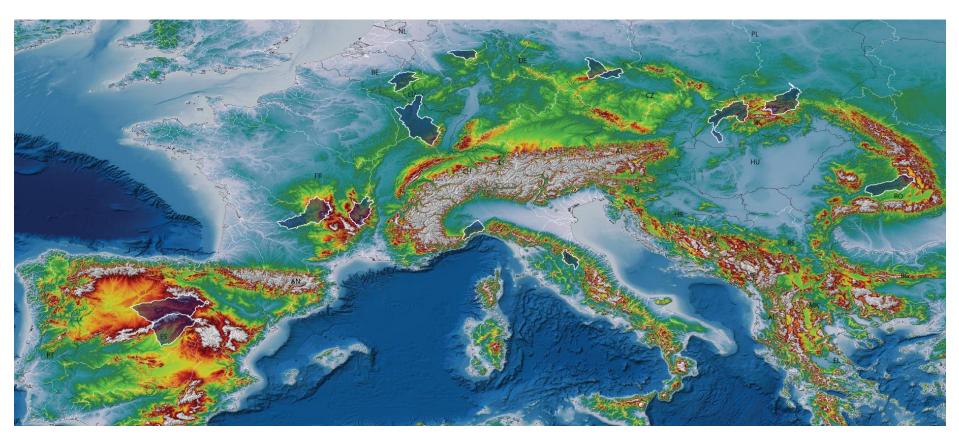




Measures could benefit 125,000 km2 in Germany, France, Belgium and Luxembourg

# **High Sponge Restoration Potential**

**Middle Mountain regions** 



https://media.stroming.nl/sponges/

Source: land.Copernicus.eu







### **Natural Sponge Concept in Upstream Catchments**

Maximise potential of soils for absorption & infiltration



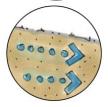
1. Block drainage channels that speed up surface water



2. Intercept rain with rough vegetation



3. Ensure water that reaches the ground can infiltrate



4. Hold water in soil & wetlands as long as possible, otherwise re-infiltrate from paved surfaces, fields and slopes



5. Slow water that comes to the surface in valley floors with vegetation

## **Multi-Benefits Wetland Solutions**

EU Policies	Contribution	
Birds & Habitats Directives	Improves the status of species and habitats	
European Green Deal	Climate change adaptation and mitigation, restore ground and surface waters and biodiversity	
Biodiversity Strategy Nature Restoration Law Soil Health Law	Protecting and restoring wetlands, grasslands and agricultural soils	
Water Framework Directive	Improves freshwater ecosystems through natural flow regulation	
Floods Directive	Reduce flood risk and reduce peak flows	
Farm to Fork Strategy Common Agricultural Policy	Improve environmental and climate performance	
Trans-European Network for Green Infrastructure	Maintain and enhance healthy ecosystems.	
Strategy on Adaptation to Climate Change	Essential nature-based solution sustaining healthy water and soils	
<b>Drinking Water Directive</b>	Natural filtration of pollutants	

# **Enhancing EU Water Resilience**

- Adopt ambitious EU Nature Restoration Law
  - National Restoration Plans enhance nature-based climate change adaptation
- EU Water and Climate Resilience Law
  - Better protect water at the source
  - Funding mechanisms/incentives to rapidly upscale wetlands restoration, incl. public/private finance
  - Climate proofing legislative + non legislative acts

# Horizon Europe Project Rewet rewet

**Open Lab Site Belgium** 

#### Characteristics Stream Bêche

- Amblève catchment, Meuse River
- Drainage channels to support plantation forestry
- slope of < 10%</li>
- watershed of 2 km<sup>2</sup>
- elevation 470 and 530 metre altitude

#### **Measures**

 Blocking drainage channels with wood debris and soil to slow flows & raise riverbed



# **Horizon SpongeBoost**

 OBJECTIVE collect, test and advance, widely disseminate innovative solutions to improve the sponge functioning of landscapes from local, regional and national to the European scale to maximize climate adaptation, disaster risk reduction, biodiversity and other societal benefits from nature-based solutions

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Azores

2 Spain

3 Belgium/Germany Eifel - High Fens

5 Estonia

#### San Miguel Island

a Xistral mountains of Galicia | b Ebro

4 Germany/Czech R. Weiße Elster catchment

a Pärnu catchment | b Alam-Pedja

#### **Partners**

- **UFZ Helmholtz Center for Environmental** Research, Germany
- **RWTH Aachen University, Germany**
- **Deutsche Umwelthilfe (Environmental Action Germany**)
- **Bureau Stoming, Netherlands**

- University of Tartu, Estonia
- Jan Evangelista Purkyně University, Czechia
- **CIREF, Iberian Center for River Restoration,** Spain
- **Portuguese Society for the Study of Birds**



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