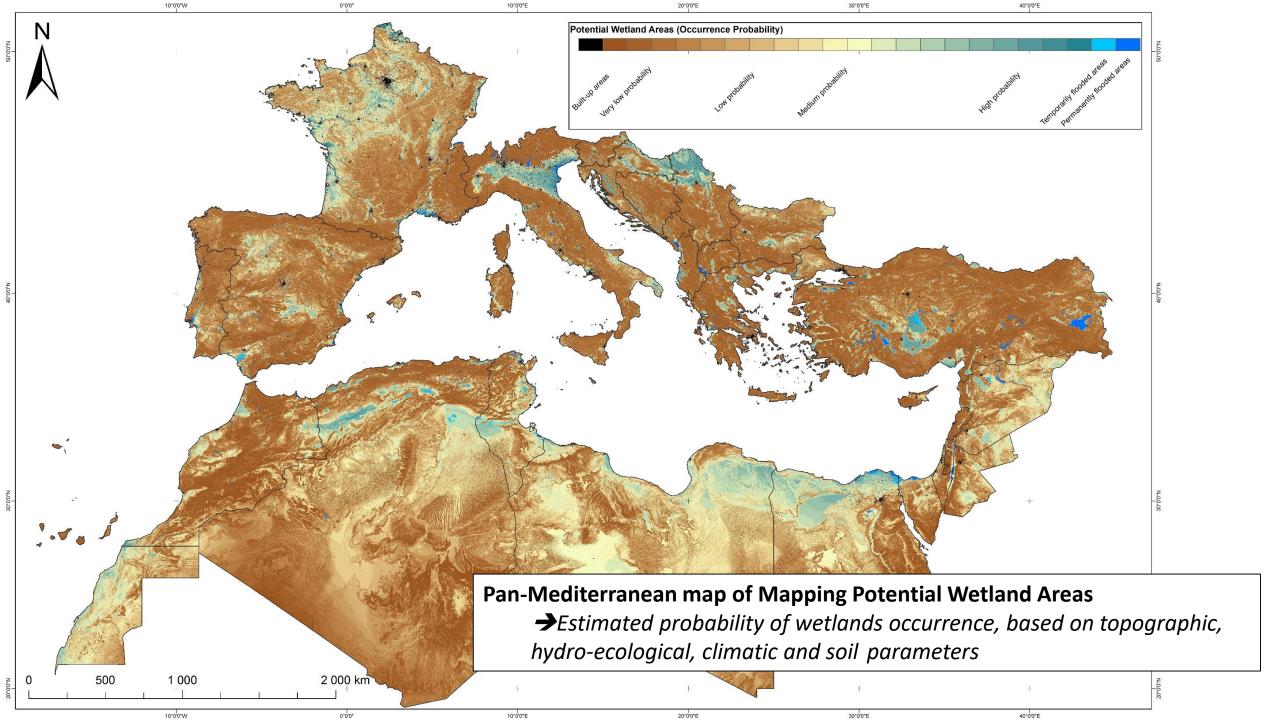
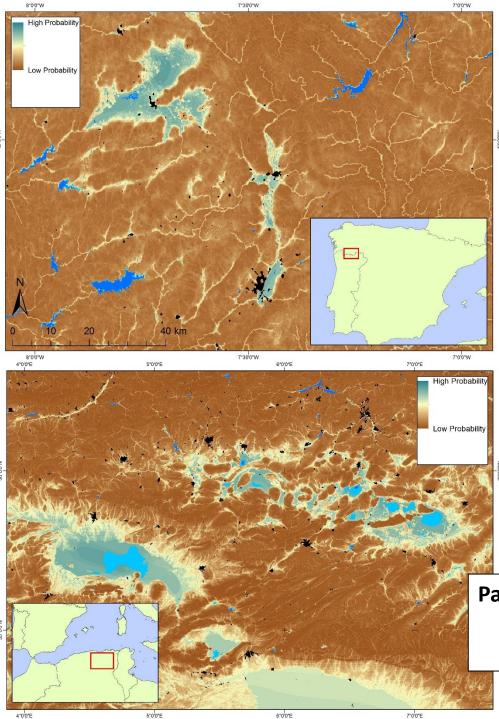
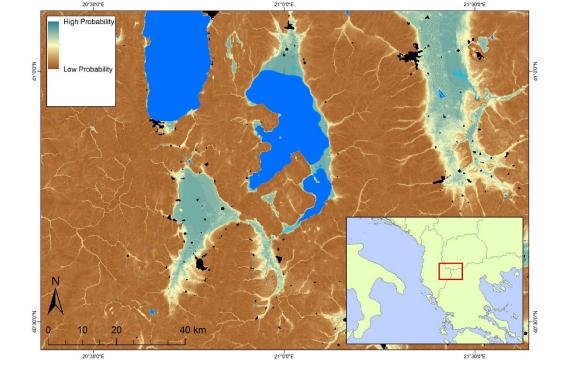


Large scale mapping of potential areas for wetlands restoration

Anis Guelmami (Tour du Valat)



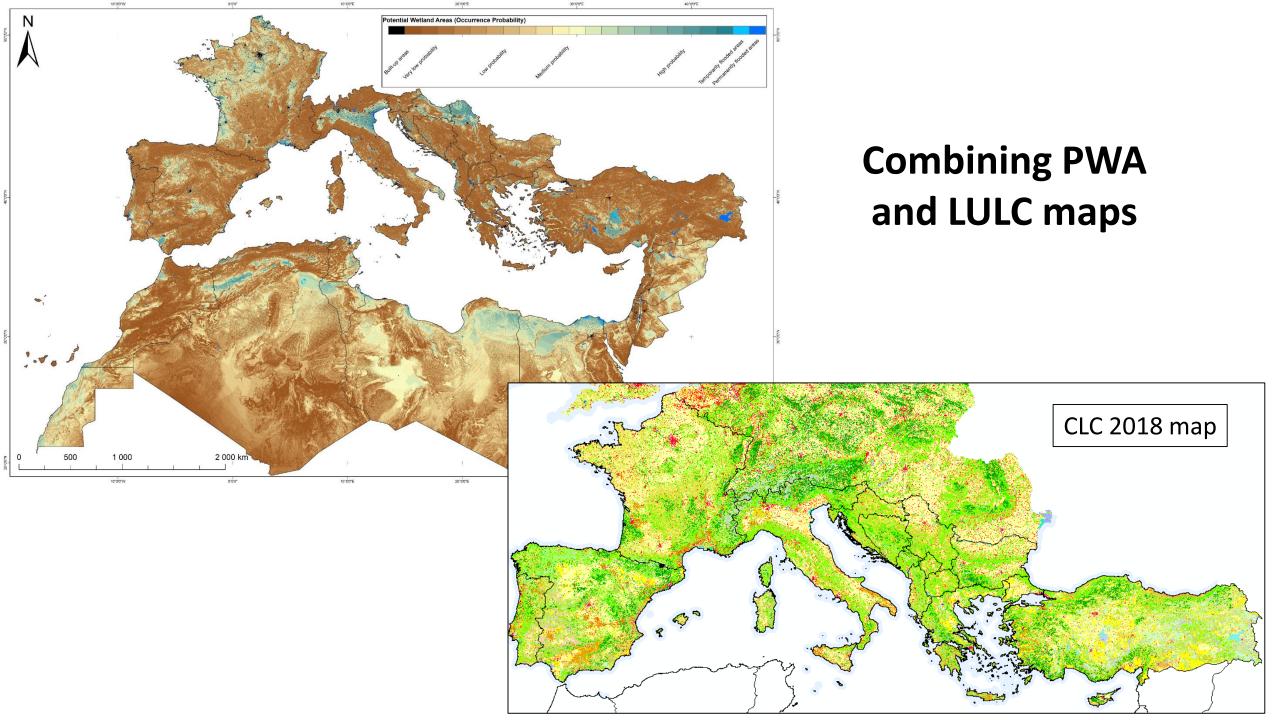




Local examples...

Pan-Mediterranean map of Mapping Potential Wetland Areas

→Estimated probability of wetlands occurrence, based on topographic, hydro-ecological, climatic and soil parameters



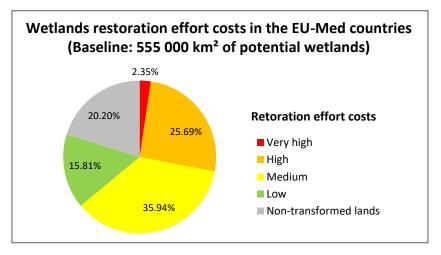
CLC Class	CLC Name
111	Continuous urban fabric
112	Discontinuous urban fabric
121	Industrial or commercial units
122	Road and rail networks and associated land
123	Port areas
124	Airports
131	Mineral extraction sites
132	Dump sites
133	Construction sites
141	Green urban areas
142	Sport and leisure facilities
211	Non-irrigated arable land
212	Permanently irrigated land
	Rice fields
221	Vineyards
222	Fruit trees and berry plantations
223	Olive groves
	Pastures
241	Annual crops associated with permanent crops
	Complex cultivation patterns
243	Land principally occupied by agriculture, with significant areas of natural
	Agro-forestry areas
	Broad-leaved forest
	Coniferous forest
	Mixed forest
	Natural grasslands
	Moors and heathland
	Sclerophyllous vegetation
	Transitional woodland-shrub
	Beaches, dunes, sands
	Bare rocks
	Sparsely vegetated areas
	Burnt areas
	Glaciers and perpetual snow
	Inland marshes
	Peat bogs
	Salt marshes
	Salines
	Intertidal flats
-	Water courses
	Water bodies
	Coastal lagoons
522	Estuaries

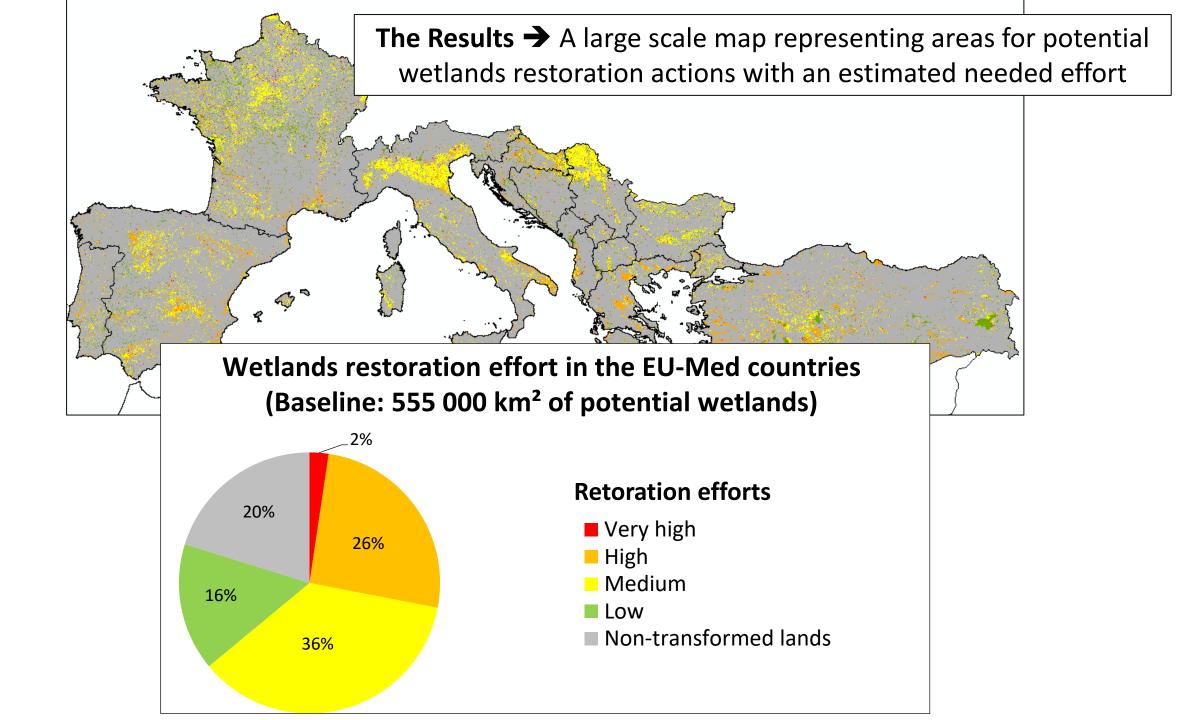
523 Sea and ocean

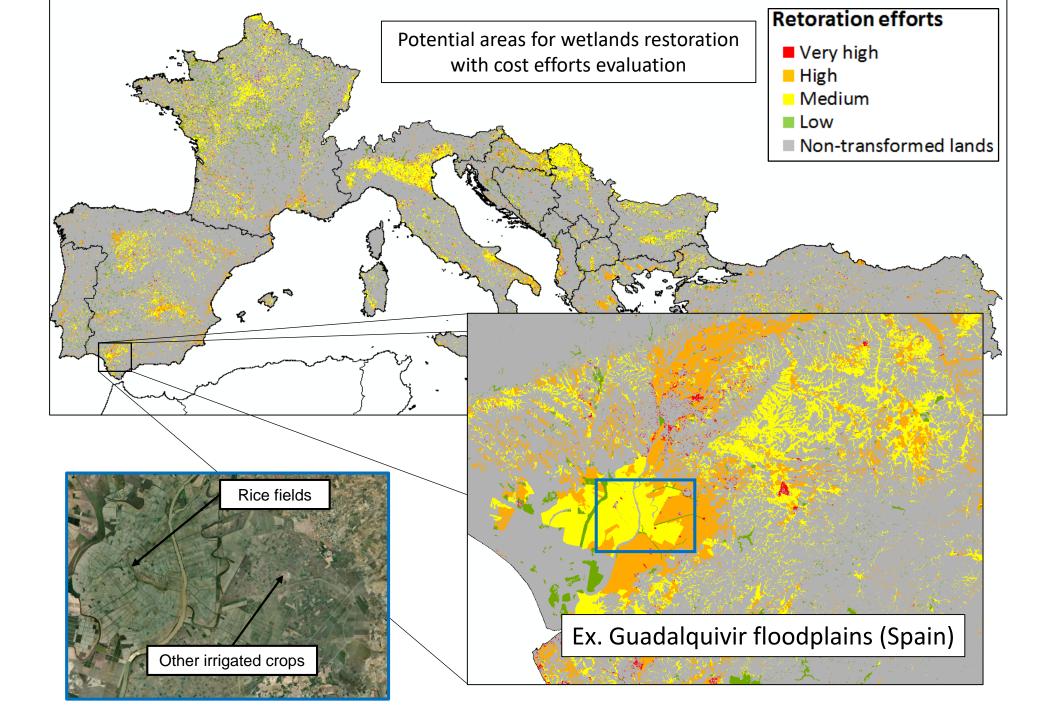
Experts-based definition of wetlands restoration effort depending on the current LULC class

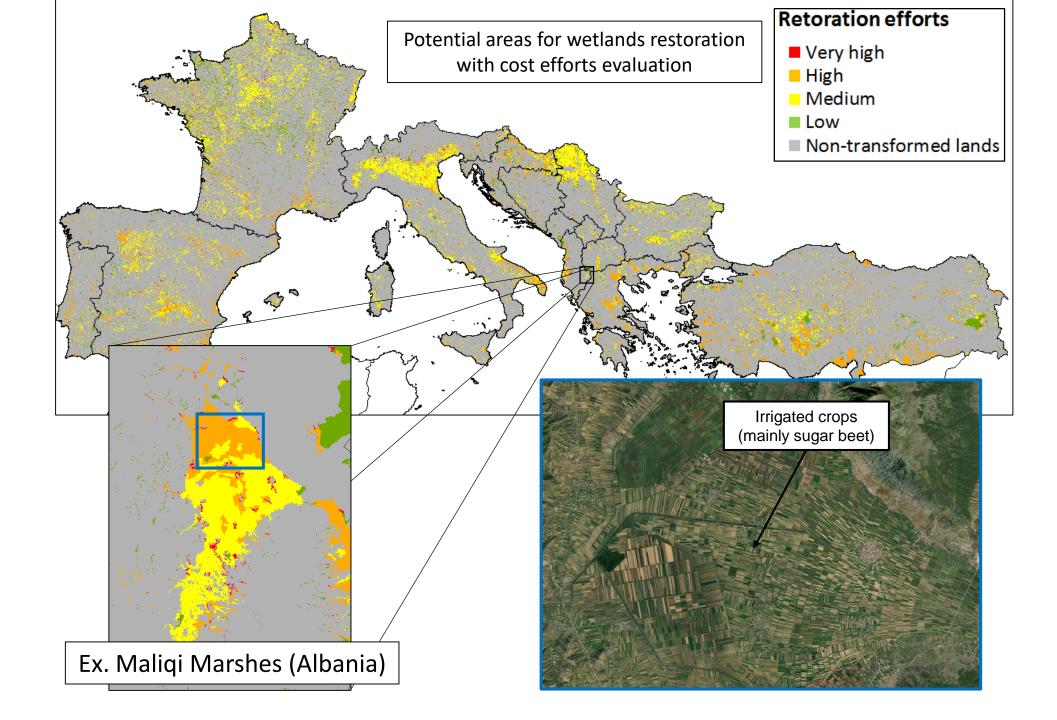
All Med Countries (Northern part)

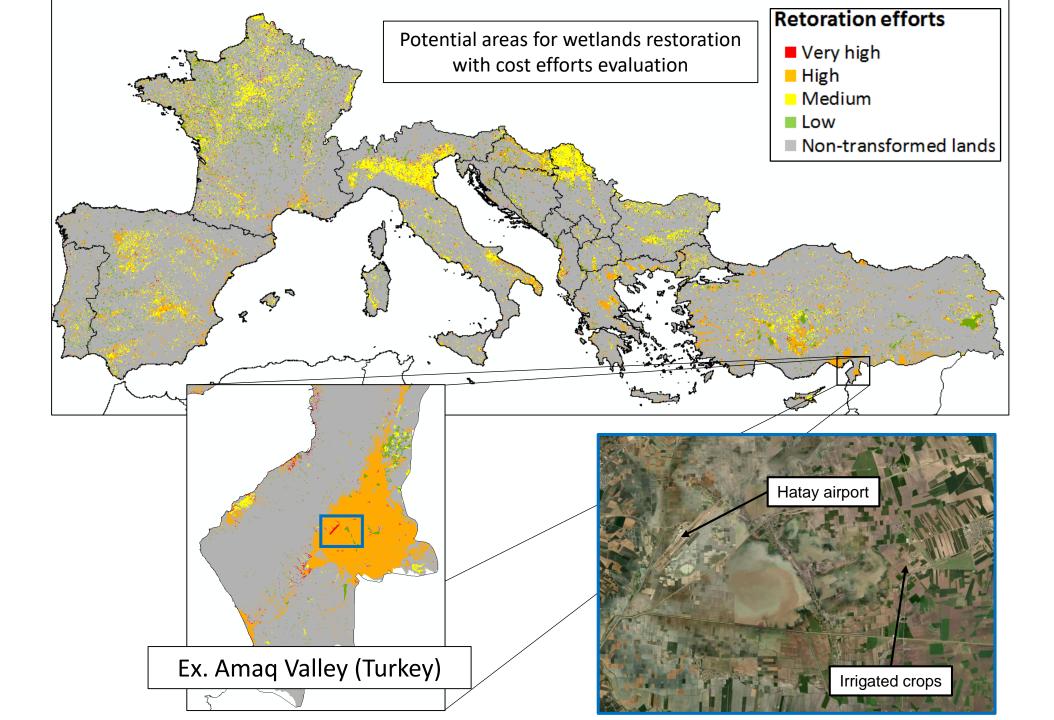
Retoration effort costs	Area (km²)	% PWA Baseline
Very high	13051.76	0.023514715
High	142617.35	0.256946679
Medium	199479.9	0.359393145
Low	87757.86	0.158109029
Non-transformed lands	112127.1	0.202013893



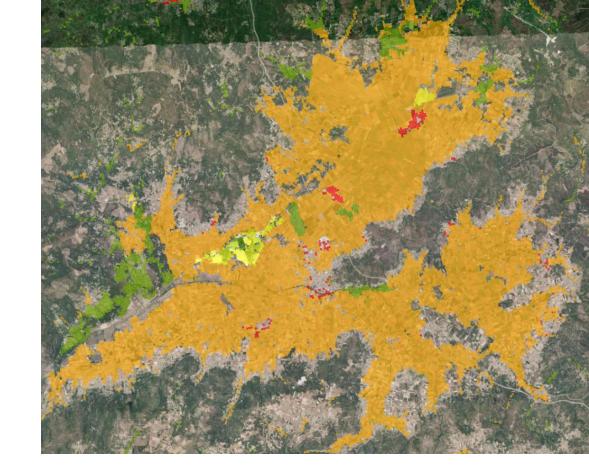


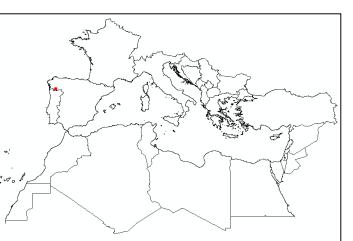




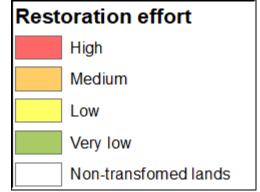


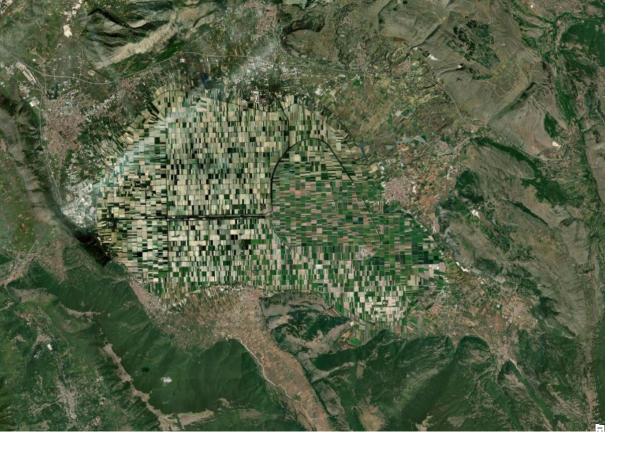


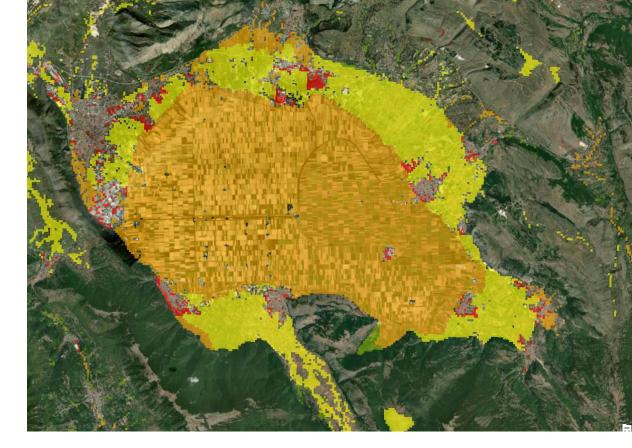




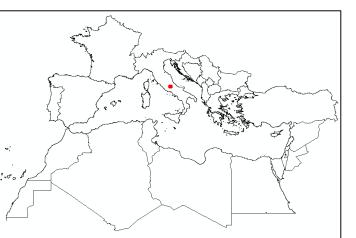
Antela (Spain)

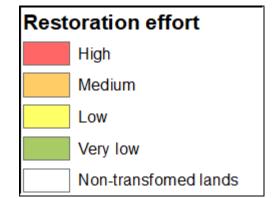


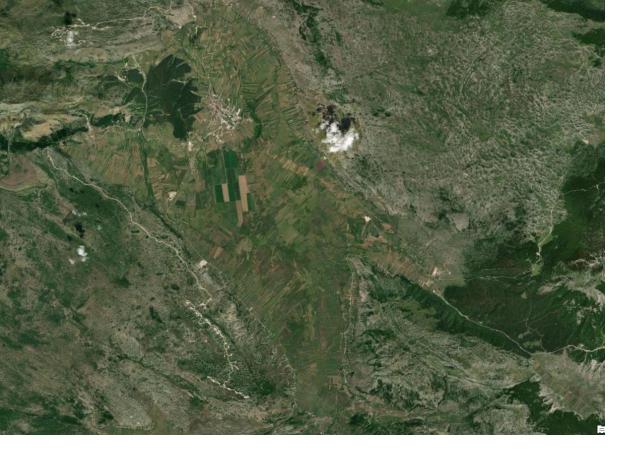


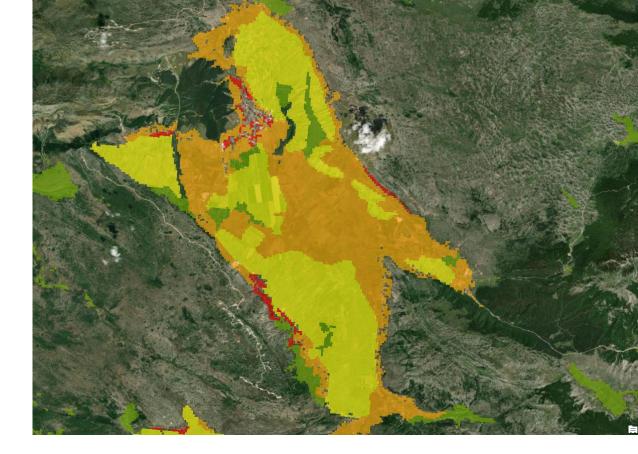


Ancient Fucine (or *Fucino*) Lake (Italy)

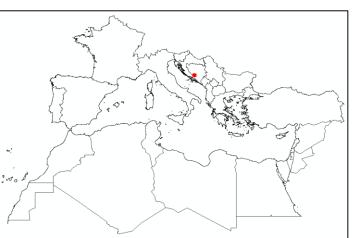


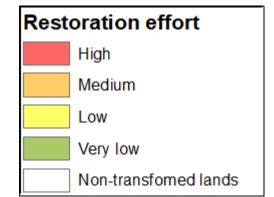


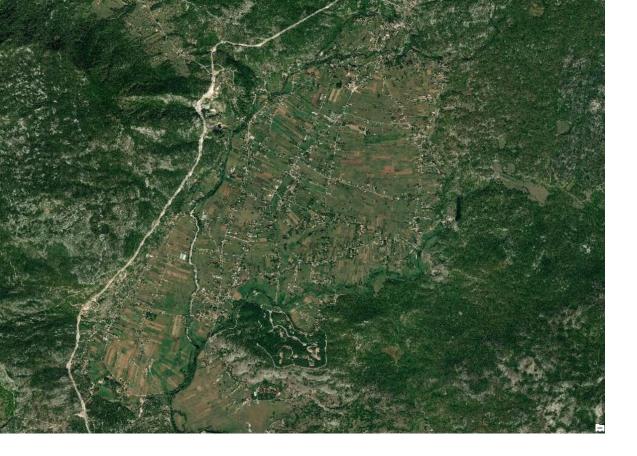


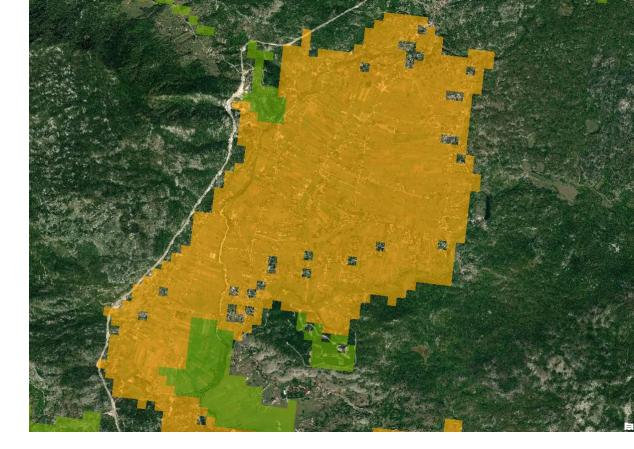


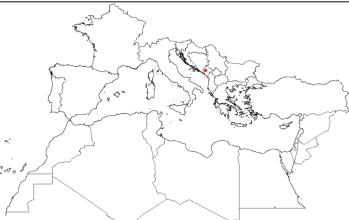
Ćavarov Stan (Bosnia & Herzegovina)

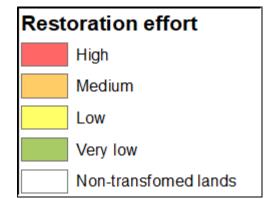






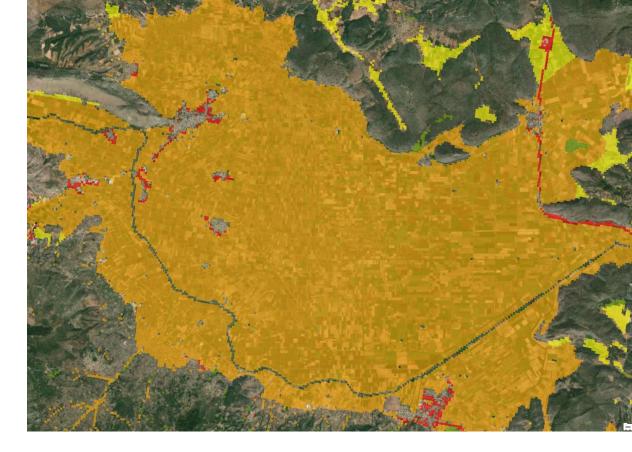




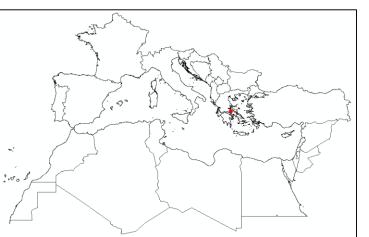


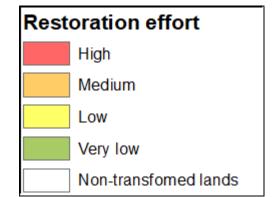
Rastovac and Zeta river floodplain (Montenegro)

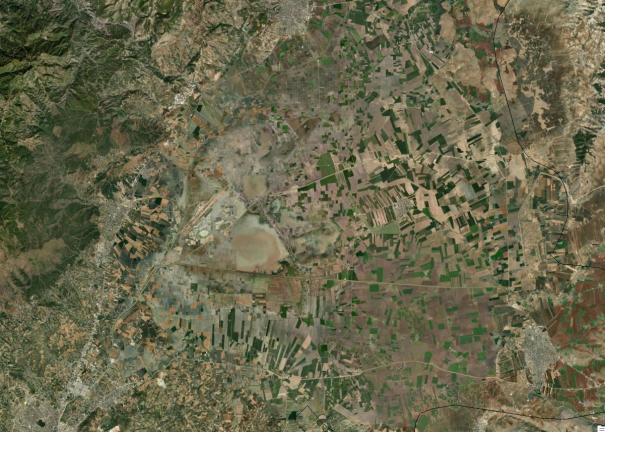


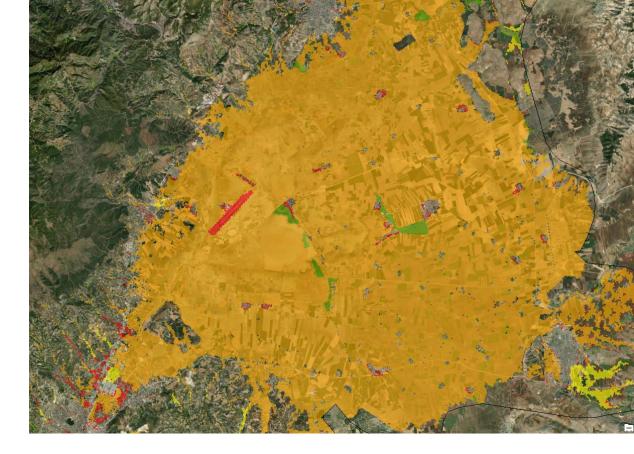


Ancient Lake Copais (Greece)

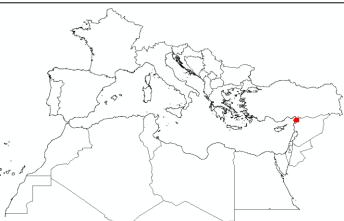


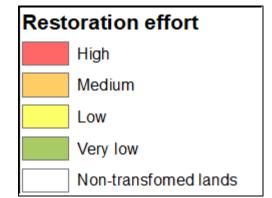






Ancient Lake Amik or the Lake of Antioch (Turkey)





Hundreds of other potential candidates could be identified based on this large scale mapping approach

Thank you

Contact :

Tour du Valat | Le Sambuc, 13200 Arles - France <u>www.tourduvalat.org</u> / <u>www.medwetlands-obs.org</u> Anis Guelmami | Tel. +33 4 90 97 06 32 / Email <u>guelmami@tourduvalat.org</u>