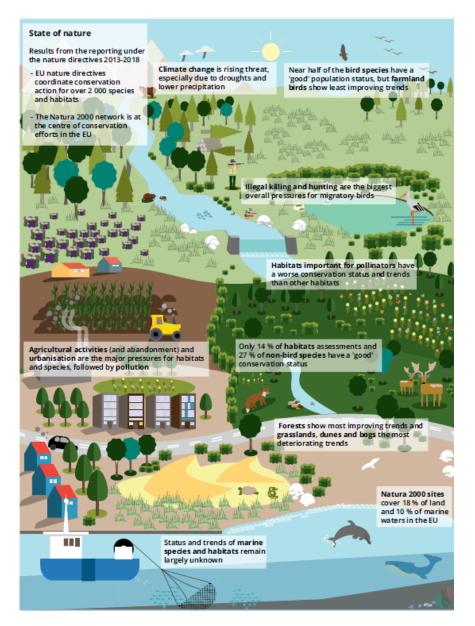
EU Nature
Restoration Law
How to make it game
changer
for our Mediterranean
wetlands?

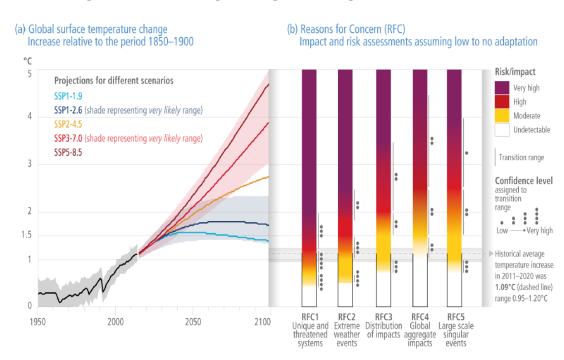
4 October 2022

Sofie Ruysschaert & Szabolcs Nagy

Nature restoration: why should we care?

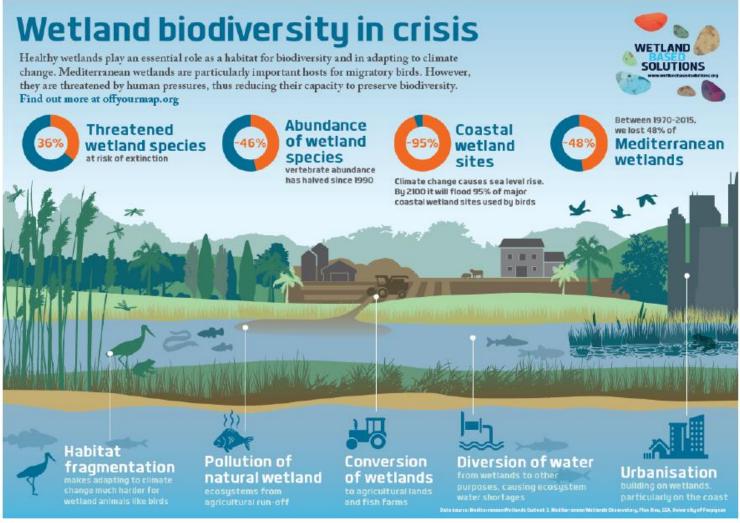


Global and regional risks for increasing levels of global warming



- Restoration needs to happen **now**
- At large-scale
- With effective measures

Nature restoration: why should we care?



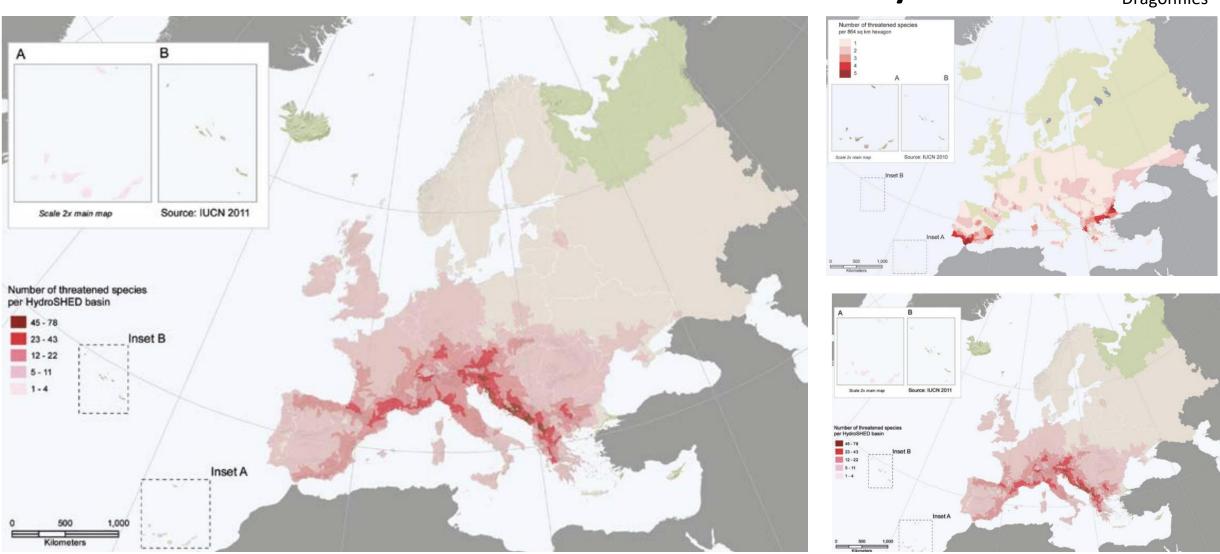






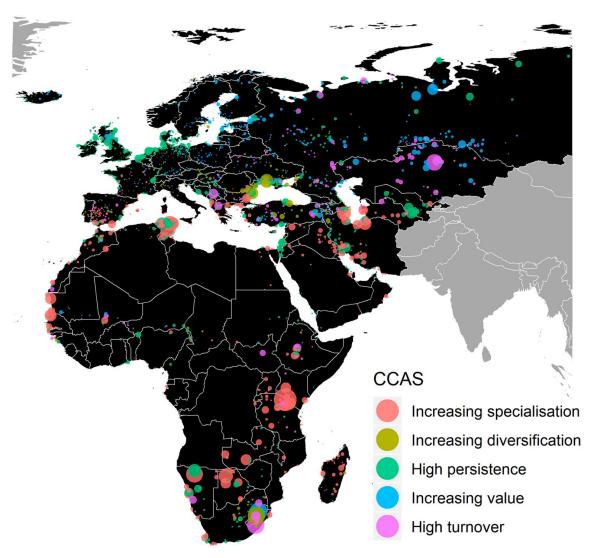
Threatened freshwater biodiversity

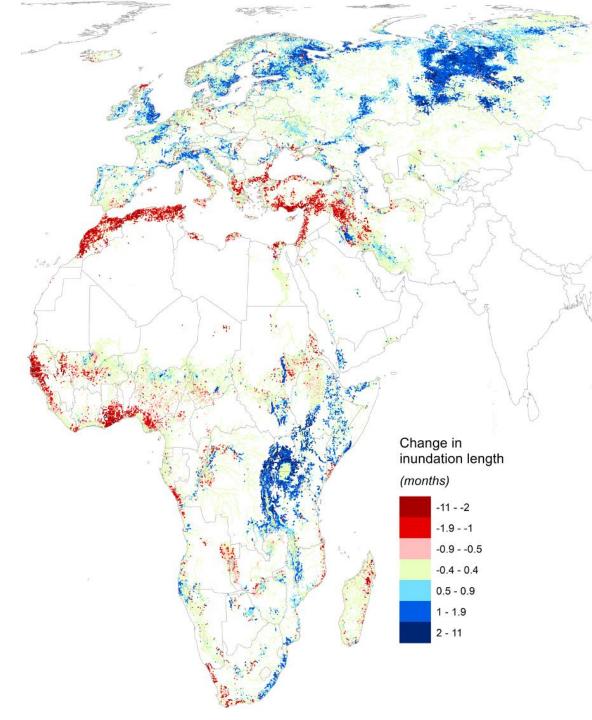
Dragonflies



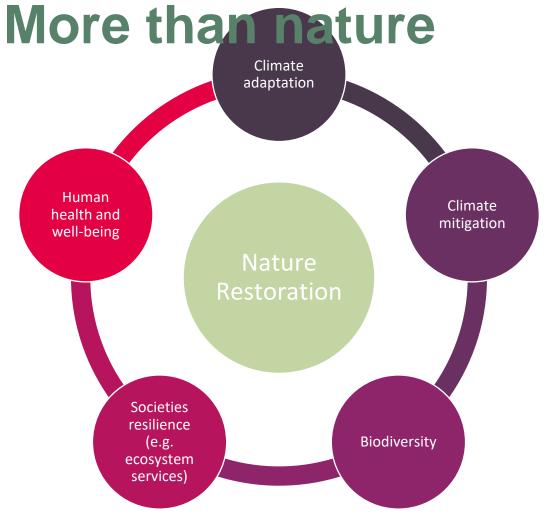
Fish

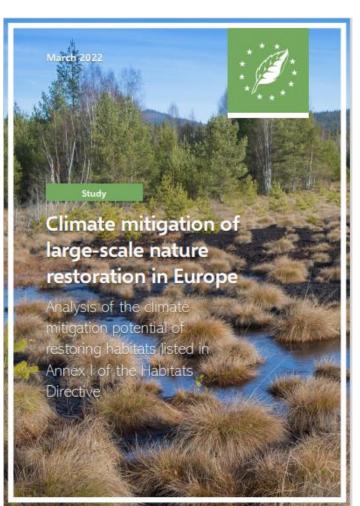
Wetland restoration and flyway conservation











- ✓ Resilient farmers
- √ Flourishing wildlife
- ✓ Opportunities for landowners

Policy context

Putin's war seduces Europe's farmers away from Green Deal

EU farm ministers say it's now urgent to plant as much animal feed as possible, but greens are aghast.



Most Read Articles

1. Russia: We've got hundreds of your planes. What you going to do about it?

EU Commission plays into hands of anti-nature lobbies, ignores citizens by delaying Nature Restoration Law





Europe needs more, not less, nature to overcome the looming food

DISCLAIMER: All opinions in this column reflect the views of the author(s), not of EURACTIV Media network

We must remove barriers to the internal food production chain, until the impact of the war is fully known.

The first step is postponing any new legislative initiative under the #Farm2Fork and Biodiversity strategies that may have a negative impact on our food safety.

#EPP4EU Traduire le Tweet

EPP Group



By Janez Potočník

What threatens our food security is not environme action, but attacks on the environment.

The need to restore Europe's nature has never been

Urge the @EU Commission to publish the EU natur restoration law without delay restorenature.eu

extractive industry, we produce in Europe, for Europe.

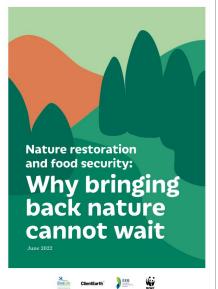
Mark your calendars for 2 2 June!

The Commission's proposal for an EU law to RestoreNature has already been postponed twice - but it won't be delayed any further!

It's a promise, say @vonderleyen and







NRL: overview of proposal



- Overarching EU objective: effective and area-based √ restoration measures on 20% EU's land and sea area by 2030 (on all ecosystems in restoration need by 2050) Art.1
- MS area-based targets
 - based on Annexes BHDs (terrestrial, freshwater and marine habitats & species, in and out PAs) - Art.4+5
 - river restoration (barrier removal & 25,000 km) Art.7
 - restoration peatlands under agricultural use Art.9(4)
- Indicator-based targets $\sqrt{}$
 - urban ecosystems Art.6
 - pollinators (reverse decline) Art.8
 - agricultural and forest ecosystems (enhance biodiversity, increase butterfly index, carbon stock, farmland bird index, high-diversity landscape features) - Art. 9(2)+10
- Non-deterioration clause √
- National restoration plans, access to justice provisions, commission assessment and review - Art.11-15 √

NRL: key elements to improve













The European Commission's proposal for a regulation on nature restoration – a potential game changer for Mediterranean wetlands

NGO and research institutions analysis, August 2022

Introduction

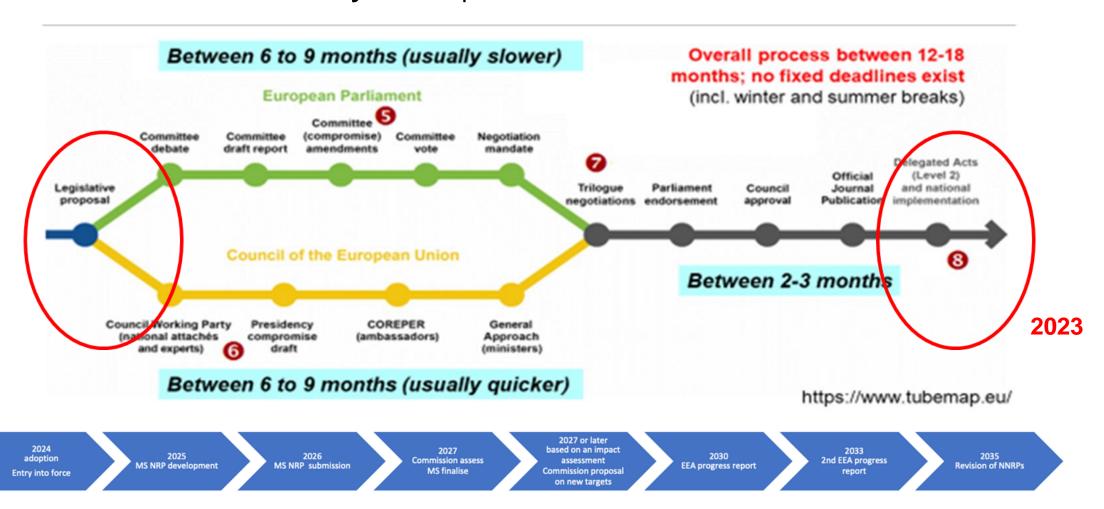
On 22 June 2022, the European Commission presented its proposal for the <u>new Regulation on nature restoration</u>, also called <u>Nature Restoration Law (NRL)</u>. It aims at contributing to the recovery of biodiverse and resilient nature across the EU's land and sea areas through the restoration of ecosystems, as well as contributing to the EU's objectives concerning climate change mitigation and adaptation.

The legal proposal for the NRL is a huge opportunity to bring nature back to Europe, benefiting biodiversity, climate and people. The restoration of ecosystems such as wetlands can help reduce emissions by <u>sequestering and ensuring the storage of millions of tonnes of carbon each year.</u> Nature restoration is our best insurance policy for climate adaptation, as it increases our resilience to droughts, floods and other extreme weather events. Consequently, it also contributes to <u>long-term food security</u>. Restoring and preserving nature can also bring many <u>socio-economic benefits</u> such as sustainable jobs, recreation opportunities and broader <u>human health benefits</u>. Therefore, nature restoration is undoubtedly one of the best investments we can make. The European Commission's impact assessment concluded that investing in nature restoration adds between €8 to €38 in economic value for each €1 spent, thanks to the diverse ecosystem services provided. For inland and coastal wetlands it is estimated that the monetised benefits from carbon storage alone already exceed the estimated costs of ecosystem restoration.

The legal proposal is therefore an important milestone to reverse the tide of both biodiversity loss and climate change, with the potential to make a real impact at the required scales if implemented in a timely and well-considered manner.

- > Fair & effective contribution MS to 20% objective
- ➤ Increase ambition level area-based restoration targets (implement bulk by 2040)
- > Implementable marine targets (link CFP)
- > Time-bound % targets river restoration
- ➤ Integrate 10% landscape features objective
- > Full restoration drained peatlands by rewetting and other effective measures
- > Public participation in national restoration plans
- Solid provisions for implementation, incl. sufficient funding

Get decision makers to support ambitious restoration targets, strengthen the EC proposal where needed and not delay the adoption





Bring in science



Coalition
building at EU
& national level



Stakeholder engagement

Policy coherence

- Species improvements targets: 30% of "protected species" in favourable conservation status or recovering
- National pledges protected areas by end of 2022 (review in 2023)



Awareness raising





INVITATION - LUNCH SEMINAR

Restoring Mediterranean wetlands: from informed policy to implementation

Date: 4th October 2022 Time: 12.30 - 14.30 (CEST)

Venue: Mundo-J, Rue de l'Industrie 10, 1000 Brussels

Increased human pressures have severely affected Mediterranean wetlands and climate in the past decades and continue to do so. Science tells us that we need largescale nature restoration to reverse biodiversity decline and increase our resilience against floods, droughts and other threats to our daily livelihoods. The European Commission's proposal for the Nature Restoration Law can be a real game-changer for the Mediterranean region, if implemented in a timely and well-considered manner.

In this lunch seminar, we will highlight the ambition and improvements needed for the Nature Restoration Law. We will also present some wetlands tools relevant for the European Commission and Mediterranean countries to prepare the implementation of the Nature Restoration Law.

You are welcome to join us!

Join us for discussion of the new EU Nature Restoration Law - a serious hope of halting biodiversity loss.



Prague, 12-13 October 2022

Conference on Nature Restoration Law 2022





Wednesday 12 October 2022 Thursday 13 October 2022 - Conference day

- Scientific Basis
- Substance of the New Law
- Implementation

- Field trip

 Josefov Meadows Bird Park - model restoration area

Information and registration:

birdlife.cz/NatResConf

The conference is organized by the Czech Society for Ornithology and WWF Central and Eastern Europe under the auspices of the Minister of Environment and the Minister of European Affairs of the Czech Republic.

See you at the conference!



Ministry of the Environment of the Czech Republic







